

# **Curriculum Progression Document**

PE

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# **Curriculum Intent**

**Intent -** St. Bartholomew's First School recognises the vital contribution of Physical Education to a child's development. It is an integral part of the curriculum to be enjoyed by all children. It is our intention that every pupil will reach at least age related expectations for Physical Education by the time they leave us in year 6, every pupil will develop such a passion for Physical Education that they seek out and embrace the plethora of sporting opportunities provided here at St. Bartholomew's and, that are signposted further afield and every pupil will lead a healthy lifestyle.

#### How this vision is achieved-

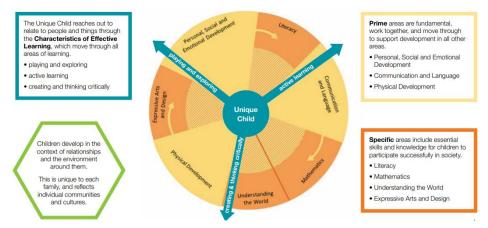
- PE is taught at St. Bartholomew's First School as an area of learning in its own right as well as integrated where possible with other curriculum areas.
- All children in KS1 and KS2 access at least 2 hours of physical activity a week through two high quality PE lessons. Children in EYFS will access at least 2 hours of physical activity a week through one high quality PE lesson, further opportunities within continuous provision and further adult led activities (e.g. Sticky Kids).
- In addition to this, our school increases the physical activity of all children through extra-curricular activities and endeavouring to incorporate PE into other subjects.

# **PE in the Early Years Foundation Stage**

### **Developing Early Geographical Skills**

Each area of the EYFS curriculum has an **Early Learning Goal**, which is the standard that a child is expected to achieve by the end of their reception year. The ELG (Early Learning Goals) covers all of the 7 areas of learning as specified in the Early Years Foundation Stage Curriculum.

The following link to the teaching and learning of PE in our EYFS:



#### ELG 13: Understanding of the World: People and Communities

#### ELG 4: Physical Development: Moving and handling

Children at the expected level of development will:

- They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this.
- They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.
- Children show good control and coordination in large and small movements. They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. They handle equipment and tools effectively, including pencils for writing.

#### ELG 13: Understanding of the World: People and Communities

## ELG 5: Physical Development: Health and self-care

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Knows that other children have different likes and dislikes and that they may be good at different things.
- Understands that different people have different beliefs, attitudes, customs
- Children know the importance for good health of physical exercise and adam thy client including dressing and going to the toilet independently.

# ELG 14: U Children

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ELG 14: U

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activity.

# PE and the National Curriculum: Key Stage One

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and cooperative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations

#### Pupils should be taught to:

- Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.
- Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.
- Perform dances using simple movement patterns.

# PE and the National Curriculum: Key Stage Two

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

#### Pupils should be taught to:

• Use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination.

- Play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.
- Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics].
- Perform dances using a range of movement patterns.
- Take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team.
- Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

### Swimming and water safety

All schools must provide swimming instruction either in key stage 1 or key stage 2. In particular, pupils should be taught to:

- Swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres.
- Use a range of strokes effectively [for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke].
- Perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations

		Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS	Lesson 1	Real PE: Unit 1 Coordination: Footwork and Static Balance: One Leg	Real PE: Unit 2 Dynamic Balance to Agility: Jumping and Landing and Static Balance; Seated	Real PE: Unit 3 Dynamic Balance: On a Line and Static Balance: Stance	Real PE: Unit 4 Coordination: Ball Skills and Counter Balance: With a Partner	Real PE: Unit 5 Coordination: Sending and Receiving and Agility: Reaction/Response	Real PE: Unit 6 Agility: Ball Chasing and Static Balance: Floor Work
Year 1	Lesson 1	Games - ball games	Dance	Уода	Gymnastics	Games – throwing and catching	Gymnastics /Sports Day practise
	Lesson 2	Real PE: Unit 1 Coordination: Footwork and Static Balance: One Leg	Real PE: Unit 2 Dynamic Balance to Agility: Jumping and Landing and Static Balance; Seated	Real PE: Unit 3 Dynamic Balance: On a Line and Static Balance: Stance	Real PE: Unit 4 Coordination: Ball Skills and Counter Balance: With a Partner	Real PE: Unit 5 Coordination: Sending and Receiving and Agility: Reaction/Response	Real PE: Unit 6 Agility: Ball Chasing and Static Balance: Floor Work
Year 2	Lesson 1	Yoga (3 weeks) and Swimming	Games (basketball)	Dance	Gymnastics	Games (Cricket type games)	Gymnastics / Sports Day practise
	Lesson 2	Real PE: Unit 1 Coordination: Footwork and Static Balance: One Leg	Real PE: Unit 2 Dynamic Balance to Agility: Jumping and Landing and Static Balance: Seated	Real PE: Unit 3 Dynamic Balance: On a Line and Static Balance: Stance	Real PE: Unit 4 Coordination: Ball Skills and Counter Balance: With a Partner	Real PE: Unit 5 Coordination: Sending and Receiving and Agility: Reaction/Response	Real PE: Unit 6 Agility: Ball Chasing and Static Balance: Floor Work
Year 3	Lesson 1	Games - Tag rugby / football / netball Yoga	Swimming Dance	Gymnastics	Basketball	Cricket	Gymnastics /Sports Day practise
	Lesson 2	Real PE: Unit 1 Coordination: Footwork and Static Balance: One Leg	Real PE: Unit 2 Dynamic Balance to Agility: Jumping and Landing and Static Balance: Seated	Real PE: Unit 3 Dynamic Balance: On a Line and Coordination: Ball Skills	Real PE: Unit 4 Coordination: Sending and Receiving and Counter Balance: With a Partner	Real PE: Unit 5 Agility: Reaction/Response and Static Balance: Floor Work	Real PE: Unit 6 Agility: Ball Chasing and Static Balance: Stance
Year 4	Lesson 1	Dance	Swimming (Owl)	Swimming (Starling) Gymnastics (Owl)	Basketball	Cricket	Gymnastics /Sports Day practise
	Lesson 2	Real PE: Unit 1 Coordination: Footwork and Static Balance: One Leg	Real PE: Unit 2 Dynamic Balance to Agility: Jumping and Landing and Static Balance: Seated	Real PE: Unit 3 Dynamic Balance: On a Line and Coordination: Ball Skills	Real PE: Unit 4 Coordination: Sending and Receiving and Counter Balance: With a Partner	Real PE: Unit 5 Agility: Reaction/Response and Static Balance: Floor Work	Real PE: Unit 6 Agility: Ball Chasing and Static Balance: Stance
Year 5&6	Lesson 1	Games - Tag rugby / football / netball Dance - Year 5	Yoga (Year 5) - 3 weeks & basketball Basketball (Year 6)	Dance – Year 6	Yoga (Year 6) Cricket (Year 5)	Swimming (Year 5) Cricket (Year 6)	Gymnastics / Sports Day practise
	Lesson 2	Real PE: Unit 1 Coordination: Ball Skills and Agility: Reaction/ Response	Real PE: Unit 2 Dynamic Balance: On a Line and Counter Balance: With a Partner	Real PF: Unit 3 Static Balance: Seated and Static Balance: Floor Work	Real PE: Unit 4 Dynamic Balance to Agility: Jumping and Landing and Static Balance: One Leg	Real PF: Unit 5 Static Balance: Stance and Coordination: Footwork	Real PE: Unit 6 Coordination: Sending and receiving and Agility: Ball Chasing

# **Reasoning Behind our PE Curriculum**

STAGE	TOPIC	WE TEACH THIS BECAUSE	LINKS TO ST BARTS SCHOOL LIFE
EYFS & KS1	Real PE: Unit  1 Coordination and Static Balance	It improves children's personal skills. They will begin by working on simple tasks with help in EYFS and by the end of year 2 they will be able to try several times if they don't succeed at first and ask for help when appropriate.  It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – coordination: footwork and static balance: one leg. Fundamental movement skills are an important foundation for children as it aids them with their development in sport and physical activity from a young age.	Christian Values:  Courage, Aspiration/Hope
EYFS & KS1	Real PE: Unit 2 Dynamic Balance to Agility and Static Balance	It improves children's social skills. They will begin by playing with others, taking turns and sharing with help in EYFS and by the end of year 2 they will be able to help, praise and encourage others in their learning.  It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – dynamic balance to agility: jumping and landing and static balance: seated. Fundamental movement skills are an important foundation for children as it aids them with their development in sport and physical activity from a young age.	Compassion, Forgiveness, Love, Trust, Respect, Aspiration/Hope

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EYFS & KS1	Real PE: Unit 3 Dynamic Balance and Static Agility	It improves children's cognitive skills. They will begin by following simple instructions in EYFS and by the end of year 2 they will begin to order instructions, movements and skills. With help, they will be able to recognise similarities and differences in performance and explain why someone is working or performing well.  It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – dynamic balance: on a line and static balance: stance. Fundamental movement skills are an important foundation for children as it aids them with their development in sport and physical activity from a young age.	Aspiration/Hope, Respect
EYFS & KS1	Real PE: Unit 4 Coordination and Counter Balance	It improves children's creative skills. They will begin by observing and copying others in EYFS and by the end of year 2 they will begin to compare movements and skills with those of others and select and link movements together to fit a theme.  It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – coordination: ball skills and counter balance: with a partner. Fundamental movement skills are an important foundation for children as it aids them with their development in sport and physical activity from a young age.	Aspiration/Hope, Respect, Trust, Compassion
EYFS	Real PE: Unit	It improves children's physical skills. They will begin by moving confidently in	Courage, Aspiration/Hope, Trust
& KS1	5 Coordination and Agility	different ways working in EYFS and by the end of year 2 they will be able to perform a range of skills with some control and consistency. They will be able to	TT USC

		perform a sequence a movements with some changes in level, direction or speed.  It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – coordination: sending and receiving and agility: reaction and response. Fundamental movement skills are an important foundation for children as it aids them with their development in sport and physical activity from a young age.	
EYFS & KS1	Real PE: Unit 6 Agility and Static Balance	It improves children's fitness skills. They will begin by being aware of the changes they feel when they exercise in EYFS and by the end of year 2 they will be able to say how their body feels before, during and after exercise. They will be able to use equipment appropriately and move and land safely.  It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – agility: ball chasing and static balance: floor work. Fundamental movement skills are an important foundation for children as it aids them with their development in sport and physical activity from a young age.	Hope/Aspiration, Respect

STAGE	TOPIC	WE TEACH THIS BECAUSE	LINKS TO ST BARTS SCHOOL LIFE
KS2	Real PE: Unit  1 Coordination and Static Balance	It improves children's personal skills. They will begin by knowing where they are with their learning and begin to challenge themselves in year 3 and by the end of year 6 they will be able to cope well and react positively when things become difficult. They will be able to persevere with a task and improve their performance through regular practice.  Year 3/4: It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – agility: ball chasing and static balance: floor work.  Year 5/6: It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – coordination: ball skills and agility: reaction/ response.  Fundamental movement skills are an important foundation for children as it aids them with their development in sport and physical activity from a young age.	Christian Values:  Courage, Aspiration/Hope
KS2	Real PE: Unit 2 Dynamic Balance to Agility and Static Balance	It improves children's social skills. They will begin in year 3 by showing patience and support towards others, listening carefully to them about their work. They will be happy to show and tell others about their ideas. By the end of year 6 they will be able to cooperate well with others and give helpful feedback. They will help organise roles and responsibilities and be able to guide a small group through a task.  Year 3/4: It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – agility: ball chasing and static balance: floor work.	Compassion, Forgiveness, Love, Trust, Respect, Aspiration/Hope

		Year 5/6: It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – dynamic balance: on a line and counter balance: with a partner.  Fundamental movement skills are an important foundation for children as it aids them with their development in sport and physical activity from a young age.	
KS2	Real PE: Unit 3 Dynamic Balance and Static Agility	It improves children's cognitive skills. They will begin in year 3 by understanding simple tactics of attacking and defending. They will be able to explain what they are doing well and begin to identify areas for improvement. By the end of year 6 they will be able to understand ways (criteria) to judge performance and identify specific parts to continue to work upon. They will be able to use their awareness of space and others to make good decisions.  Year 3/4: It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – agility: ball chasing and static balance: floor work.  Year 5/6: It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – static balance: seated and static balance: floor work.  Fundamental movement skills are an important foundation for children as it aids them with their development in sport and physical activity from a young age.	Aspiration/Hope, Respect
KS2	Real PE: Unit 4 Coordination	It improves children's creative skills. They will begin in year 3 by making up their own rules and versions of activities. They will be able to respond differently to a variety of tasks or music and will be able to recognise similarities and difference in movements and expression. By the end of year 6 they will be able to link	Aspiration/Hope, Respect, Trust, Compassion

	and Counter Balance	actions and develop sequences of movements that express their own ideas. They will be able to change tactics, rules or tasks to make activities more fun or challenging.  Year 3/4: It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – agility: ball chasing and static balance: floor work.  Year 5/6: It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – dynamic balance to agility: jumping and landing and static balance: one leg.  Fundamental movement skills are an important foundation for children as it aids them with their development in sport and physical activity from a young age.	
KS2	Real PE: Unit 5 Coordination and Agility	It improves children's physical skills. They will begin by performing and repeating longer sequences with clear shapes and control movement. They will be able to select and apply a range of skills with good control and consistency in year 3. By the end of year 6 they will be able to perform a variety of movements and skills with good body tension. They will be able to link actions together so that they flow in running, jumping and throwing activities.  Year 3/4: It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – agility: ball chasing and static balance: floor work.  Year 5/6: It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – static balance: stance and coordination: footwork.	Courage, Aspiration/Hope, Trust

		Fundamental movement skills are an important foundation for children as it aids them with their development in sport and physical activity from a young age.	
KS2	Real PE: Unit 6 Agility and Static Balance	It improves children's fitness skills. They will begin by describing how and why their body changes during and after exercise. They will be able to explain why they need to warm up and cool down in year 3. By the end of year 6 they will be able to describe the basic fitness components and explain how often and how long they should exercise to be healthy. They will be able to record and monitor how hard they are working.  Year 3/4: It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – agility: ball chasing and static balance: floor work.  Year 5/6: It works on two of the 12 fundamental movement skills – coordination: sending and receiving and agility: ball chasing.  Fundamental movement skills are an important foundation for children as it aids them with their development in sport and physical activity from a young age.	Hope/Aspiration, Respect

# **PE Vocabulary**

EYFS	KS1	KS2					
Games							
ball throw catch kick game team point racket move bounce safe stop equipment healthy	hit shoot shot goal pass co-ordination defence tackle tactics underarm overarm agility attack teamwork fair rules warm up cool down exercise fitness cooperation  respect forgiveness hope aspiration trust compassion courage	competitive batting bowling fielding dribble strike cross serve opposition control release possession sportsmanship aim target accuracy technique distance hand/eye coordination sending receiving reaction response footwork call opponent bounce pass chest pass dodging.  respect forgiveness hope cooperation aspiration trust					
	Gymnastics						
balance equipment shape space move watch copy	static balance travelling climbing sequence repeat control warm up cool down high low stretch flexible roll turn spin	counterbalance plan speed level direction self-assessment improve criteria evaluate combination sequence perform symmetrical					

'Roots to Grow and Wings to Fly'

Dance							
dance movement music	sequence repeat perform patterns	choreograph rehearse unison					
watch copy	timing movement control mood	repetition improvise expression					
	feelings accuracy roll turn spin	rhythm beat tempo refine style					
		performance compose routine					
		levels evaluate audience					
	Athletics						
run go space safe jump	speed direction race lane exercise	relay baton foul hurdles					
throw	fitness	combination sequence transition					
	ordinal language	fast medium slow sprint jog pace					
		power aim accuracy target					
		performance control dynamic					
		balance					
	Swimming						
	aids strokes underwater enter exit safe	freestyle backstroke front crawl					
		distance					

# **Progression in PE**

	Sports and Games	Fundamental Movement Skills		
EYFS	GYMNASTICS –	Static Balance: 1 Leg:		
	I can copy individual and whole body	On both legs, stand still for 10 seconds.		
	movements with some control and co-	Static Balance: Seated:		
	ordination.	- Balance with both hands/ feet down.		
		- Balance with 1 hand/ 2 feet down.		
	I can link individual and whole body movements	- Balance with 2 hands/ 1 foot down.		
	together.	- Balance with 1 hand/ 1 foot down.		
		- Balance with 1 hand or 1 foot down.		
	I can recognise and negotiate space and I can	- Balance with no hands or feet down.		
	handle small and/or low apparatus safely.	Static Balance: Floor Work:		
		- Hold mini-front support position.		
	GAMES –	- Reach round and point to ceiling with either hand in mini-front support.		
	I can stop a ball with some control.	Static Balance: Stance:		
		- Stand on line with good stance for 10 seconds.		
	I can send a ball in the direction of another	Dynamic Balance: On a Line:		
	person.	- Walk forwards with fluidity and minimum wobble.		
		- Walk backwards with fluidity and minimum wobble.		
	I can often control a ball on my own.	Dynamic Balance: Landing and Jumping:		
		- Jump from 2 feet to 2 feet forwards, backwards and side to-side.		
	I can move with a ball in space safely.	Counter Balance: In Pairs:		
		- Sit holding hands with toes touching, lean in together then apart.		
	DANCE –	- Sit holding 1 hand with toes touching, lean in together then apart.		
	I can copy steps and actions with some control	- Sit holding hands with toes touching and rock forwards, backwards and side-to-side.		
	and coordination.	Coordination: Sending and Receiving:		
		- Roll large ball and collect the rebound.		
		- Roll small ball and collect the rebound.		

I can link individual and whole body movements together.

I can watch others work and choose actions.

I can recognise how to move in space.

#### **HEALTHY LIFESTYLES –**

I know the importance for good health of physical exercise, and a healthy diet, and talk about ways to keep healthy and safe.

I can get changed for PE independently.

EVALUATING AND IMPROVING PERFORMANCE – I can watch others work and, with support, begin to talk about this using modelled, relevant vocabulary.

- Throw large ball and catch the rebound with 2 hands.

#### Coordination: Ball Skills:

- Sit and roll a ball along the floor around body using 2 hands.
- Sit and roll a ball along the floor around body using 1 hand (right and left).
- Sit and roll a ball down legs and around upper body using 2 hands.
- Stand and roll a ball up and down legs and round upper body using 2 hands.

#### **Coordination: Footwork:**

- Side-step in both directions.
- Gallop, leading with either foot.
- Hop on either foot.
- Skip.

#### Agility: Ball Chasing

- Roll a ball, chase and collect it in balanced position facing opposite direction.
- Chase a ball rolled by a partner and collect it in balanced position facing opposite direction.

#### **Agility: Reaction and Response:**

From 1, 2 and 3 metres:

- React and catch large ball dropped from shoulder height after 2 bounces.
- React and catch large ball dropped from shoulder height after 1 bounce.

### **Health and Fitness**

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
To have observed some changes in my body when I exercise	To explain how my body feels before, during and after exercise	Keep up an activity over a period of time and know what they need to warm up and cool down for dance.	Learn some of the main muscles groups during warm up and cool down	Can take pulse, and name some muscles correctly, and they can explain the effects of exercise on their body.	Know some ideas for warm up exercises and routines. Know what makes a good warm up. Know what clothing and footwear is best to wear
To be aware of why exercise is important for good health	To describe the importance for humans of exercise and eating the right amounts of different food	Recognise and describe what their bodies feel like during different types of activity	Start to take their pulse before, during and after exercise and explain the effect.	Can start to lead their own warm up using dynamic stretches in small groups, know what muscles to warm up effectively for different exercises	Know how to check playing area.  Know how playing invasion games helps your fitness and benefits of playing outside of school.
To join in with warm up activities and stretches	To know it is important to warm up before exercise	Describe what happens to their heart, breathing and temperature during different types of athletic activity	Know a warm routine involving dynamic stretches, led by an adult or child.	Understand why exercise is good for their fitness, health and wellbeing	Can take pulse, and name some muscles correctly, and they can explain the effects of exercise on their body
To follow instructions, practice safely and work on simple tasks by myself	To use equipment appropriately and move and land safely.				Value of exercise outside of school day.

### **Invasion Games**

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Develop bouncing:	Keep possession when	Introduce moving with	Develop passing,	Refine passing,	Consolidate
introduce sending	passing and receiving	the ball, passing and	receiving, moving and	dribbling and moving to	passing,
with control, aiming	or dribbling.	receiving.	creating space.	create attacking	receiving,
with accuracy, power	Combine dribbling,	Introduce tagging.	Refine dribbling,	opportunities.	moving and
and speed.	passing and receiving,	Create space when	turning and footwork.	Explore different passes	dribbling to
Develop sending	keeping possession	attacking.	Develop shooting;	that can be used to	maintain
(rolling) skills.	Combine dribbling,	Develop passing and	combine passing and	outwit defenders.	possession.
Introduce stopping a	passing and receiving	moving.	dribbling to create	Refine shooting.	Consolidate
ball and develop	to score a point	Combine passing and	shooting opportunities.	Develop defending -	defending and
stopping, combining	Develop application	moving to create	Develop passing and	using marking, blocking	defensive
sending skills.	and understanding of	space/ attacking	dribbling, creating	and tackling.	tactics.
Introduce throwing	underarm throwing.	opportunities.	space for attacking	Create tactics for	Create,
with accuracy and	Introduce overarm	Introduce dribbling,	opportunities.	defending as a team.	understand and
apply throwing with	throwing.	keeping control.		Apply defending tactics,	apply attacking
accuracy in a team	Apply underarm and	Develop dribbling,	Develop defending -	developing transition	tactics in game
(using beanbags).	overarm throwing to	keeping control.	marking, blocking and	from defence to attack.	situations.
Consolidate sending	game situations.	Introduce shooting.	tackling.	Develop officiating.	Create,
and stopping skills to		Combine passing and	Develop defending in	Apply skills to game	understand and
win a game.		shooting.	game situations.	situations.	apply defending
					tactics in game
			Apply learning to small		situations.
			sided games.		Consolidate
					attacking and
					defending in
					games.
					Develop
					officiating.
					Organise formations
					decide tactics, manage

					teams and officiate games.
Recap and develop moving with a ball using feet. Apply dribbling into games. Consolidate dribbling. Explore kicking (passing) and apply this to simple games.	Develop dribbling, keeping possession. Develop passing and receiving to maintain possession. Combine dribbling, passing and receiving to score a point. Apply dribbling, passing and receiving as a team to game situations.	Understand the concept of batting and fielding. Introduce throwing overarm. Develop throwing underarm. Introduce catching. Explore striking with intent. Apply overarm and underarm throwing. Introduce stopping the ball. Application of stopping the ball in simple game situations.	Develop an understanding of batting and fielding Introduce bowling underarm Develop stopping and returning the ball Develop retrieving and returning the ball Striking the ball at different angles and speeds - how, where and why? Introduce and apply basic fielding tactics	Refine batting, understanding and developing tactics. Refine bowling, developing tactics. Refine fielding - stooping, catching and throwing. Develop and refine fielding tactics, considering which players to use in which positions. Combine bowling and fielding, creating and applying tactics. Introduce umpiring and scoring in order to play full games	Consolidate batting Consolidate fielding Consolidate bowling Create, understand and apply attacking tactics in game situations Create, understand and apply defensive tactics in game situations
Understanding the principles of attack. Apply attacking principles into a game. Understand the principles of defence. Apply defending principles into a game. Consolidate attacking. Consolidate defending	Attack and defend as a team. Understand the transition between defence and attack. Create and apply attacking tactics. Create and apply defensive tactics.				

### <u>Dance</u>

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Responding to	Respond to stimuli.	Respond to stimuli.	Responding to	Extend sequences with	Perform with technical
rhythm.	Develop whole group	Develop character	stimuli, working	a partner using	control and rhythm in
Introducing and	movement.	dance into a motif or	together.	compositional	a group.
creating motifs.	Create sequences,	develop thematic	Develop sequences	principles linked to a	Create rhythmic
Creating movement	including contrasting	dance.	with a partner in	subject area.	patterns using the
sequences, exploring	movements.	Extend sequences with	character that show	Create movement using	body.
relationships (how the	Continue to explore	a partner in character.	relationships and	improvisation, where	Extend choreography
body link to space and	relationships (how the	Develop sequences	interlinking dance	movement is reactive.	through controlled
music) and	body links to space	with a partner in	moves.	Develop sequences	movements, character
performance. Explore	and music) and	character that show	Extend sequences	showing interlinking	emotion and
expression	performance.	relationships.	with a partner in	dance moves.	expression.
Add movements	Explore sequences,	Extend dance skills in	character.	Explore and experiment	Explore the
together.	relationships and	choreography.	Explore two	imaginatively with a	relationships between
Introduce partner	performance. Develop	Learn a short sequence	contrasting	stimulus for a given	characters, applying
work.	a motif with	with a clear, middle and	relationships and	audience.	emotion and
Start to perform	expression and	end that they can	interlinking dance	Composing more	expression.
smaller motifs.	emotion.	perform on their own	moves.	complex routines with	Experience dance from
	Apply choreography to	and in a group, with	Combine sequences,	clear sections, starting	a different culture.
	a motif.	between 8-20steps.	relationships,	to use unison, canon,	Understand how a
		Learn how to develop	choreography in	repetition.	dance is formed and
		actions and movements	performance.	Changing the dynamics,	performed. To
		within short dances by		space and relationships.	evaluate, refine and
		changing the dynamics,		Can remember and	develop their own and
		space and relationships.		perform a dance	others' work.
				routine to any audience	Composing more
				with 20+ steps.	complex routines with
					clear sections, using
					unison, canon,
					repetition. Changing

		the dynamics, space and relationships Can
		remember and perform
		a dance routine to any
		audience with 20+
		steps.

### **Gymnastics**

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Introduce 'Wide',	Explore and develop	Develop and perform	Devise, perform and	Explore range of	Make up a
'Narrow' and 'Curled'.	zig-zag pathways.	actions. Practice and	repeat sequences that	symmetric and	sequence and adapt
Explore differences	Explore curved	concentrate on quality	include travel, body	asymmetric actions,	it to different
between wide, narrow	pathways, developing	of movement.	shapes and balances.	shapes and balances.	apparatus layouts.
and curled. Introduce	curved pathways on	Link different balances		Control actions and	
'big' and 'small' body	apparatus. Create,	moving in and out of	Help them change	combine them fluently.	Use combinations
parts.	complete and perform	positions of stillness.	sequences. Include	Be aware of extension,	of dynamics
Combine big and small	pathway sequences.	Transfer weight	changes of dynamics.	body tension and	(pathways) to use
with wide, narrow and	Develop 'linking',	smoothly from one		control.	space effectively.
curled.	including the use of	part of body to	Work with a partner	Move from floor to	
Transition between	apparatus	another. Use actions	and small groups to	apparatus, change	Make up own rule
wide, narrow and	Introduce and develop	on floor and over,	create sequences.	levels and move safely.	for longer, more
curled using big and	jump, roll, balance	through, across and		Combine movements	complex sequences.
small body parts.	sequences	along apparatus.	Adapt their sequences	with other in a group	
Add (link) movements	Complete jump, roll,		to include apparatus	(matching and	Plan a sequence
together.	balance sequences on		and to suit partner or	mirroring).	and adapt it to
Create ways of adding	apparatus.		small group.		limited equipment.
(linking) movements				Watch a performance	
together			Compare and contrast	and evaluate its	Work as a group
			similar performances.	success.	and share roles
				Identify what was	fairly. Investigate
				performed well and	different ways of
				what needs improving.	working with a
					partner or small
				Choose a focus for	group.
				improvement.	
					Use compositional
				Identify one or two	ideas (contrasts and
				aspects of their	variation in shape,

		performance to practice and improve.	speed, level, timing and actions) Know how gymnastics promotes strength, power and suppleness.
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### **Swimming**

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Swim between 10m and 20m unaided in shallow water, using one basic method to achieve the distance. Use floats to swim longer distances with a more controlled leg kick. Join in all swimming activities confidently. Put face under the water and blow bubbles (begin to do this whilst swimming). Explore how to move in and under water. Recognise how swimming affects breathing. Identify and describe differences between different leg and arm actions. Understand water can be dangerous and repeat what to do when in difficulty.	Swim between 10m and 20m unaided in shallow water, using one stroke. Begin to swim 10m-15m unaided using a second stroke. Put face in water and breath correctly when swimming in one identifiable stroke. Use a float to aid their swimming and confidence in deeper water. Use a float to develop leg and arm techniques. Begin to explain how to keep safe whilst in water and what dangers should be identified.	Swim 25m unaided in water using one basic method to achieve this distance. Use two different strokes swimming on both front and back. Control breathing. Swim confidently and fluently both on the surface and under the water. Explain how to remain safe in water and what do if you or someone nearby gets into difficulty	N/A

# What will PE look like in the classroom?

PE is taught at St. Bartholomew's Primary School as an area of learning in its own right as well as integrated where possible with other curriculum areas. All children in KS1 and KS2 access at least 2 hours of physical activity a week through two high quality PE lessons. Children in EYFS will access at least 2 hours of physical activity a week through one high quality PE lesson, further opportunities within continuous provision and further adult led activities (e.g. Sticky Kids).

Real PE is used for planning and delivery, ensuring consistence, continuity and progression based on the whole-school learning grid. Lessons are blocked into units. These units provide varied experiences developed upon as children move up through the school. When using REAL PE planning, clear differentiation is already incorporated. The principle of STEP will be used to ensure effective differentiation within other PE lessons.

- S change the **s**pace available
- T change the **t**ime allowed/the task
- E change the **e**quipment
- P change the **p**eople

# **Assessment**

Children will be assessed informally during every PE lesson. Formal observations of the children will be made at the end of every half term. Children's fundamental movement skills (agility, balance and coordination) will be assessed alongside the children's attainment in the following 6 areas: Social, Personal, Creative, Cognitive, Physical and Health and Fitness.

Children's progress in swimming will be recorded at the end of each academic year so that children who are not on track to be able to swim confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres can be targeted for intervention in year 6.

# SEN

All aspects of PE will be taught in such a way as to include all children regardless of their gender, race, ethnicity, religion, physical ability or individual needs.

The schools SEND policy extends into PE. All staff teaching PE will be aware of children's individual needs and differentiate tasks according to needs just as they would in any other subject, enabling all pupils to make good progress.

# Monitoring and review

#### **Impact**

Our intentions for PE at St. Bartholomew's are:

- Every pupil will reach at least age related expectations for Physical Education by the time they leave us in year 6,
- Every pupil will develop such a passion for Physical Education that they seek out and embrace the plethora of sporting opportunities provided here at St. Bartholomew's and, that are signposted further afield.
- Every pupil will lead a healthy lifestyle.

These intentions will be measured through:

- Assessment
- Assessing the children's attainment of the fundamental skills (agility, balance and coordination).
- Assessing the children's attainment in the following 6 areas: Social, Personal, Creative, Cognitive, Physical and Health and Fitness. Children will be able to:
- Personal
- Cope well and react positively when things become difficult.
- Persevere with a task and improve my performance through regular practice.
- Social
- Cooperate well with others and give helpful feedback.
- Help organise roles and responsibilities and guide a small group through a task.
- Physical
- Perform a variety of movements and skills with good body tension.
- Link actions together so that they flow in running, jumping and throwing activities.
- Cognitive

- Understand ways (criteria) to judge performance and identify specific parts to continue to work upon.
- Use their awareness of space and others to make good decisions
- Creative
- Link actions and develop sequences of movements that express their own ideas.
- Change tactics, rules or tasks to make activities more fun or challenging.
- Health and Fitness
- Describe the basic fitness components and explain how often and how long they should exercise to be healthy.
- Be able to record and monitor how hard they are working.
- Pupil Voice Interviews
- At the end of every term, the sports council will interview randomly selected peers on their opinions of PE lessons. These interviews will then be fed back to the PE leader; allowing genuine opinions to be collected by the PE leader.
- Children will talk enthusiastically about various aspects of their PE lessons, talk confidently about why Physical Education is important and talk knowledgably about how to lead a healthy lifestyle.
- Pupil Voice Questionnaires
- At the end of each term, all children in KS1 and KS2 complete a questionnaire regarding extra-curricular PE.
- These will allow the PE leader to effectively plan which clubs and challenges should run next term and determine any equipment that needs to be bought. Therefore ensuring that all our children continue to seek out and embrace the plethora of sporting opportunities provided.
- Evidencing the impact of the Primary PE and Sport Premium
- School Games Mark
- Healthy Schools Rating Scheme
- Governor Reports