

Curriculum Progression Document

Art & Design

# Contents

#### **Curriculum Intent**

Art in the Early Years Foundation Stage

Meeting the statutory requirements of The Primary National Curriculum

Whole School Programme of Study

**Art Vocabulary** 

Progression in Art knowledge, skills and understanding

What will Art look like in the classroom?

Assessment / SEN

# **Curriculum Intent**

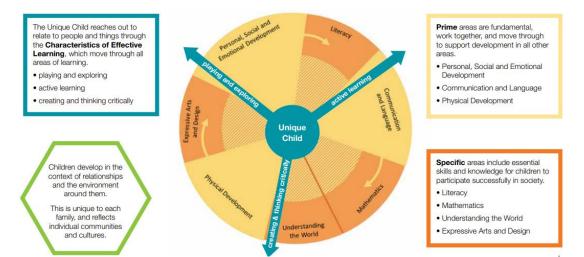
**Intent** - At St. Bartholomew's CE First School we value Art and Design as an important part of the children's entitlement to a broad and balanced curriculum. It provides them with opportunities to develop a range of ways in which they can share and express their individual creativity, whilst learning about and making links with how Art and Design both reflect and shape our history, and contribute to the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation. Art contributes to children's personal development in creativity, independence, judgement and self-reflection. Moreover, it enables children to develop a natural sense of wonder and curiosity about the world around them and therefore links strongly to our school values.

The focus of Art and Design at St. Bartholomew's is in developing proficiency in drawing, painting, and understanding sculpture, printing, textiles and collage with the overall aim of developing a rigorous understanding, critical awareness and inspiration of art and design. Understanding of the visual elements of art and design (line, tone, texture, colour, pattern, shape & 3D form) will be developed through carefully thought out sequences of lessons and experiences derived from an accessible and engaging curriculum which will enable all children to reach their full potential. Furthermore, the art curriculum will develop children's critical abilities and understanding of their own and others' cultural heritages through studying a diverse range of male and female artists and designers throughout history. This is turn will help our children to become world citizens with an understanding of how art impacts and enhances societies and our surroundings.

# **Art in the Early Years Foundation Stage**

## **Developing Early Geographical Skills**

Each area of the EYFS curriculum has an **Early Learning Goal**, which is the standard that a child is expected to achieve by the end of their reception year. The ELG (Early Learning Goals) covers all of the 7 areas of learning as specified in the Early Years Foundation Stage Curriculum.



The following link to the teaching and learning of DesigELG 13: Understanding of the World: People and Communities

• They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are ELG 16: Expressive arts and design: Exploring and using media and material his.

Children at the expected level of development will:

- They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.
- Children sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing them.
- Children safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques.
- They experiment with colour, design, texture, form and function.

#### ELG 13: Understanding of the World: People and Communities

- Knows that other children have different likes and dislikes and that they may be good at different things.
- Understands that different people have different beliefs, attitudes, customs and traditions and why it is important to treat them with respect.

#### ELG 14: U

- Childrenobjects,
- They tal environ
- They ma occur, a

#### ELG 14: U

- Know th activity.
- 4help to

Can des

#### EELG 16: Expressive arts and design: Being imaginative

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways.
- They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories.

# Art and the National Curriculum: Key Stage One

#### Pupils should be taught:

- o to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products
- o to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination
- o to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space
- o about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work

# **Art and the National Curriculum: Key Stage Two**

Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design.

#### Pupils should be taught:

- o to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
- o to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]
- o about great artists, architects and designers in history.

# **Whole School Programme of Study**

KS2 YEAR C (2022-23)	AUTUMN 1	SPRING 1	SUMMER 1		
THEME	Over the hills and far away	From Crewkerne to the rainforest	Reduce, Reuse, Recycle		
	Drawing	Painting and Printing	Sculpture		
KS1	Experiment and create	Experiment and create	Experiment and create		
	The legacy of art and artists	The legacy of art and artists	The legacy of art and artists		
	Drawing	Painting and Printing	Sculpture		
KS2	Experiment and create	Experiment and create	Experiment and create		
	The legacy of art and artists	The legacy of art and artists	The legacy of art and artists		
KS1 YEAR D (2023-24)	AUTUMN 1	SPRING 1	SUMMER 1		
THEME	Making a mark	Feeling hot, hot, hot	Water, Water Everywhere		
	Drawing	Painting and Printing	Collage and Textiles		
KS1	Experiment and create	Experiment and create	Experiment and create		
	The legacy of art and artists	The legacy of art and artists	The legacy of art and artists		
	Drawing	Painting and Printing	Collage and Textiles		
KS2	Experiment and create	Experiment and create	Experiment and create		
	The legacy of art and artists	The legacy of art and artists	The legacy of art and artists		

KS2 YEAR A (2024-25)	AUTUMN 1	SPRING 1	SUMMER 1		
THEME	Everyone Needs Good Neighbours	We Are United	Our extreme wild world		
KS1	<b>Drawing</b> Experiment and create The legacy of art and artists	<b>Painting and Printing</b> Experiment and create The legacy of art and artists	Sculpture Experiment and create The legacy of art and artists		
KS2	<b>Drawing</b> Experiment and create The legacy of art and artists	<b>Painting and Printing</b> Experiment and create The legacy of art and artists	Sculpture Experiment and create The legacy of art and artists		

KS2 YEAR B (2025-26)	AUTUMN 1	SPRING 1	SUMMER 1	
THEME	Oh the places you'll go!	All At Sea	The Americas	
	Drawing	Painting and Printing	Collage and Textiles	
KS1	Experiment and create	Experiment and create	Experiment and create	
	The legacy of art and artists	The legacy of art and artists	The legacy of art and artists	
	Drawing	Painting and Printing	Collage and Textiles	
KS2	Experiment and create	Experiment and create	Experiment and create	
	The legacy of art and artists	The legacy of art and artists	The legacy of art and artists	

\_

\_

\_

# **Art Vocabulary**

#### **EYFS:**

#### **DRAWING:**

Artist, Bumpy, Chalk, Circle, Colours, Curved, Drawing, Feeling, Felt tips, Hard, Line, Long, Mark, Mark making, Medium, Observational drawing, Observe, Oil pastel, Paint, Pattern, Pencils, Ridged, Rough, Rubbing, Self-portrait, Short, Smooth, Soft, Squiggly, Straight, Texture, Thick, Thin, Wavy, Wax crayons, Zig-zag.

#### **PAINTING:**

Collage, Create, Cut, Dab, Design, Dot, Flick, Glide, Glistening, Glossy, Landscape, Permanent, Rip, Shiny, Silky, Slimy, Slippery, Smooth, Splat, Splatter, Squelchy, Stick, Sticky, Sweep, Swirl, Swish, Tear, Temporary, Transient art, Wet, Wipe.

#### **SCULPTURE & 3D:**

3D art, Bend, Clay, Chop, Collage, Cut, Evaluate, Flatten, Join, Landscape, Pinch, Plan, Poke, Pull, Push, Reflect, Roll, Sculpture, Silky, Slimy, Slippery, Smooth, Squash, Squelchy, Sticky, Stretch, Twist, Wet

#### **COLLAGE & TEXTILES:**

Bend, Blades, Crease, Create, Cut, Design, Flange, Fix, Fold, Glue, Handle, Join, Paper clip, Pattern, Pinch, Plan, Pull, Push, Rip, Roll, Scissors, Scrunch, Slot, Snip, Split pin, Straight line, String, Strip, Sturdy, Tape, Thread, Tie, Wave, Wobbly, Wrap, Zig-zag

### **KS1**:

#### **DRAWING:**

Line, Vertical, Horizontal, Diagonal, Wavy, Straight, Cross-hatch, Optical art, 2D shape, 3D shape, Abstract, Narrative, Printing, Shade, Form, Continuous, Mark making, Observe, Dots, Circle, Lightly, Firmly, Texture, Shadow, Charcoal, Pastel, Chalk, Crosshatching, Blending Sketch

#### **PAINTING:**

Hue, Shade, Primary colour, Secondary colour, Pattern, Mix, Blend, Print, Shape, Kaleidoscope, Texture, Space, Thick, Detail, Overlap

#### **SCULPTURE & 3D:**

Sculpture, Artist, Three dimensional (3D), Cylinder, Curve, Loop, Tube, Concertina, Overlap, Spiral, Zig-zag, Carving, Mosaic, Imagine, Ceramic, Glaze, Join, Slip, Score, Surface

#### **COLLAGE & TEXTILES:**

Art, Artist, Craft, Knot, Plait, Thread, Threading, Weaving, Warp, Weft, Loom, Felt, Fibre, Abstract, Composition

#### LKS2:

#### **DRAWING:**

Geometric, Organic, Shape, Line, Object, Arrangement, Light, Dark, Shading, Tone, Grip, Smooth, Blend, Even, Frottage, Rubbing, Surface, Texture, Pressure, Tool, Tear, Cut, Botanist, Botanical, Scientific, Magnified, Form, Scale, Composition, Abstract, Frame, Gestural, Expressive, Viewfinder, Collaborate, Collaboratively, Printmaking, Abstract, Figurative, Monoprint, Block print

#### **PAINTING:**

Charcoal, Composition, Negative image, Pigment, Positive image, Prehistoric, Proportion, Smudging, Scaled up, Sketch, Texture, Tone, Dabbing paint, Stippling paint, Paint wash, Pointillism

#### **SCULPTURE & 3D:**

Sculpture, Structure, Three-dimensional, Found objects, Sculptor, Abstract, Negative space, Positive space, Model, Pliers, Template, Secure, Mesh, Found objects, Typography, Welding, Weaving

#### **COLLAGE & TEXTILES:**

Egyptian, Ancient, Civilisation, Papyrus, Sculpture, Painting, Pattern, Shape, Colour, Scroll, Convey, Composition, Scale, Imagery, Design, Technique, Process, Material, Layout, Zine, Fold, Audience, Inform, Repeat.

#### UKS2:

#### **DRAWING:**

Retro-futurism, Futuristic, Imagery, Culture, Cold War, Propaganda, Space race, Purpose Stimulus, Decision, Process, Technique, Collagraphy, Collagraph, Repetition, Printing plate, Composition, Printmaking, Evaluate, Revisit, Develop

#### **PAINTING:**

Background, Continuous line drawing, Portrait, Self-portrait, Paint wash, Collage, Texture, Composition, Carbon paper, Transfer, Printmaking, Monoprint, Mixed media, Multi media, Justify, Research, Evaluate, Represent, Atmosphere, Art medium

#### **SCULPTURE & 3D:**

Display, Installation art, Mixed media, Features, Evaluate, Analyse, Location, Scale, Scaled down, Special effects, Three dimensional, Art medium, Performance art, Stencil, Atmosphere, Props, Influence, Experience, Culture, Revolution, Concept, Elements, Interact, Interactive

#### **COLLAGE & TEXTILES:**

Architecture, Composition, Design, Evaluate, Proportion, Perspective, Birds eye view, Monoprint, Architectural, Organic, Monument, Architect, Legacy, Elevation, Built environment, Observational drawing, Interpret, Form, Abstract, Pressure, Crop, Viewfinder, Design brief, Futuristic, External, Style, Annotate, Individuality, Design intention, Symbolism, Literal, Commemorate

# **Progression in Art**

	Year 1	Year 2	Lower KS2		
ate	To explore a range of materials	To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products	To develop my control and use of materials		
and cre	To explore ideas from my own imagination	To use different techniques to develop and share my ideas, experiences and imagination	To develop my creativity and experimentation		
vent a	To explore some simple techniques including colour and shape	To develop a wide range of art and design techniques (using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space)	To explore different techniques and the effects they have on my work		
ment ir	To think about what I want to create before I start	To develop my ideas for my art work over several pieces	To create sketch books to record my observations		
Experi	To say what I think about my own and other's work	To make links between the work and techniques of artists and my own	To explain how my work reflects a particular practice or discipline		
	To imitate a particular style	To use pieces as inspiration for my own work	To create work which shows the influence of pieces I have studied		

	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		Gather and review information, references and resources related to their ideas and intentions.	develop their ideas.	Engage in open ended research and exploration in the process of initiating and developing their own personal ideas.	Independently develop a range of ideas which show curiosity, imagination and originality.
t and crea	experiences.	Use a sketch book for different purposes, including recording observations, planning and shaping ideas.	cluding recording observations, planning and improve understanding, inform ideas and plan for an purpose		Systematically investigate, research and test ideas and plans using sketchbooks and other appropriate approaches.
	techniques for a given purpose.	Develop practical skills by experimenting with, and testing the qualities of a range of different materials and techniques.			Independently take action to refine their technical and craft skills in order to improve their mastery of materials and techniques.
erimen	control over the range of materials they	Select and use appropriately, a variety of materials and techniques in order to create their own work.		_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Independently select and effectively use relevant processes in order to create successful and finished work.
ш		Take the time to reflect upon what they like and dislike about their work in order to improve it.			Provide a reasoned evaluation of both their own and professionals work which takes account of the starting points, intentions and context behind the work.

+	Year 1	Year 2	Lower KS2
y of art ists	To study the work of a famous artist	To know the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers	To have studied artists and looked for themes across their work
legac and arl	To study art from a different culture	To compare the work of artists and describe the differences and similarities	To learn about great artists, architects and designers in history
The	To say what I have done to match a particular style or discipline	To describe the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines	To have studied a range of techniques from different times and cultures

pui	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	made by artists, craftspeople and designers, from all cultures and times.	some artists, craftpeople, architects and	techniques and working practices of a variety of artists, craftspeople, architects and designers that they	architects, taking account of their particular cultural context and intentions.	How to describe, interpret and explain the work, ideas and working practices of some significant artists, craftspeople, designers and architects taking account of the influence of the different historical, culture and social contexts in which they worked.
두				How to describe the processes they are using and how they hope to achieve high quality outcomes.	

	<u>Drawing</u>	<u>Painting</u>	General Art Skills (ongoing)
<u>EYFS</u>	Experiment with a variety of drawing tools such as fingers, pencils, crayons, chalk, felt tips.  Draw on different surfaces and types and colours of paper. Produce lines of different thicknesses. Start to produce different patterns and shapes from observation and imaginations.	<ul> <li>Name the primary colours.</li> <li>Investigate the effects when colours are mixed.</li> <li>Explore painting on different surfaces (painting with mud on trees, rolls of textured wallpaper for handprints etc.)</li> <li>Enjoy experimenting with a variety of tools e.g. sponges, twigs, fingers, feathers.</li> </ul>	Look at and talk about what I have produced.     Describe simple techniques and media used.
KS1	<ul> <li>Experiment with a greater variety of drawing tools such as rubbers, charcoal, ballpoint pen, pastels.</li> <li>Investigate developing a range of tones using pencils, pastels or charcoal.</li> <li>Use dots and lines to demonstrate pattern and texture.</li> <li>Draw lines, patterns and shapes from observation and imagination on different surfaces.</li> <li>Observe and draw landscapes.</li> <li>Observe anatomy (faces, limbs).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Name the secondary colours and know how to create them.</li> <li>Create a colour wheel independently.</li> <li>Create different tints (adding white) and shades (adding black) and describe them – e.g. sunshine yellow, pale blue, flame red, bright orange etc.</li> <li>Spread and apply paint to make a background.</li> <li>Work on different scales – beginning to select appropriately sized paintbrushes.</li> <li>Create textured paint by adding sand, sawdust, flour etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers from different times and cultures.</li> <li>Describe simple similarities and differences between different artists, craft makers and designers work.</li> <li>Start to make simple links between my own work and the work of artists.</li> <li>Use own thoughts and feelings when responding to my own work and the work of others and the work of artists.</li> <li>Identify what I might change in my current work or develop in future work; use my consideration of artist's work to identify what I might change in my current work.</li> </ul>
LKS2	<ul> <li>Explore tone using different pencil grades – create a tonal ladder.</li> <li>Use different grades of pencils to show line, tone and texture.</li> <li>Produce an expanding range of patterns and textures, increasing in levels of detail, using a range of implements.</li> <li>Explore a variety of drawing techniques such as hatching, scribbling, stippling and blending.</li> <li>Use shading to show light and shadow effects.</li> <li>Show an awareness of space when drawing.</li> <li>Draw familiar items from different viewpoints.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mix and match colours to artefacts and objects.</li> <li>Create tones (by adding different greys) for the primary colours and name them - e.g. pink, burgundy, mint green, navy blue etc.</li> <li>Begin to understand how to create the tertiary colours.</li> <li>Understand that the representation of colour can be used to express emotions.</li> <li>Work on different scales - independently selecting appropriately sized paintbrushes.</li> <li>Develop wash techniques using water colours.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers from different times and cultures.</li> <li>Identify different art forms and elements of art.</li> <li>Make a range of links between my own work, the work of others and the work of artists using knowledge and understanding of art forms, elements of art and artistic techniques.</li> <li>Record and explore ideas in a variety of ways.</li> </ul>

_				
		· Create drawings, concentrating on proportion.	· Experiment with textured paint by adding sand,	· Review and revisit ideas; use my consideration
			sawdust, pencil shavings etc.	of artist's work to improve my own work.
			· Create different effects by using a variety of	· Record my thoughts and feelings when
			tools and techniques such as dots, scratches,	responding to own work, the work of others and
			splashes and applying paint in layers.	the work of artists.
	UKS2	· Explore the potential properties of the visual elements	· Explore the potential properties of the visual	· Securely know about the work of a range of
	<u> </u>	line, tone, pattern, form, colour and shape	elements line, tone, pattern, form, colour and	artists, craft makers and designers from
		· Work in a sustained and independent way from	shape.	different times and cultures.
		observation, experience and imagination	· Create imaginative work from a variety of	Develop their techniques, including their
		· Show an awareness of space and begin to understand	sources.	control and their use of materials, with
		perspective when drawing using a single focal point and a	· Work on preliminary studies to test media and	creativity and experimentation.
		horizon.	materials.	· Communicate ideas and meanings, and make
		$\cdot$ Use a variety of source material for their work e.g. still	· Demonstrate a secure knowledge of primary	images and artefacts, combining and organising
		life, photography	and secondary, warm and cold, complementary	visual and tactile qualities to suit their
		· Draw familiar things from different viewpoints and	and contrasting colours.	intentions.
		angles.		· Use alternative sources for artistic idea such as
		Show knowledge of the correct proportions and layout of		music, stories and artefacts to develop ideas for
		the human face and figure.		work.
		$\cdot$ Use a range of dry media to make different marks, lines		· Consider how work might be developed in the
		and shapes within a drawing e.g. pencils, crayons, pastels		future, evaluating and discussing in depth.
		and chalks, different thicknesses of charcoal and ball point		
		pens.		
		· Use a range of materials to produce tone and shade,		
		show experience in creating tonal contrast and select		
		different techniques for different purposes eg shading or		
		hatching		
		$\cdot$ Colour mix with colouring pencils to create a wide tonal		
		range within their work		
_			<u> </u>	

	<u>Printing</u>	<u>Collage</u>	<u>Textiles</u>	3D Work
EYFS	Enjoy taking rubbings of bricks, leaves, coins, concrete etc. Experiment printing with a range of everyday objects. Develop simple printing patterns. Use a stencil to create a picture.	· Create own fabric by weaving materials e.g. ribbon through the railings, grass through twigs etc. · Complete a fabric collage by layering fabrics. · Experiment with simple stitch work.	· Create images from a variety of media e.g. photocopies, tissue paper, foil, magazines, fabric.	· Enjoy using a range of malleable media such as Papier Mache, salt dough, playdough. · Impress and apply simple decorations. · Cut shapes using a cutting knife. · Create a sculpture using natural or recycled materials.
<u>KS1</u>	<ul> <li>Print with a range of hard and soft materials, e.g. corks, sponge, vegetables.</li> <li>Create a simple mono-print (apply printing ink to a surface, draw into the ink and take a print).</li> <li>Create repeated patterns using print.</li> <li>Roll printing ink over found objects to create patterns e.g. plastic mesh, stencils.</li> <li>Replicate print from the environment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begin to identify, discuss and compare different forms of textiles.</li> <li>Cut and shape fabrics using scissors.</li> <li>Have a go at threading a needle and sewing two pieces of material together.</li> <li>Apply shapes using glue.</li> <li>Weave pape</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Collect, sort and group materials according to texture, colour, pattern etc.</li> <li>Arrange and glue materials to different backgrounds.</li> <li>Fold and crumple paper to create different textures.</li> <li>Experiment creating and using different shapes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use a variety of natural, recycled and manufactured materials for sculpting, e.g. clay, straw and card.</li> <li>Shape and model materials for a purpose e.g. a pot, tile etc.</li> <li>Impress materials and apply simple decorations adding pattern and texture.</li> <li>Manipulate materials in a variety of ways such as rolling, cutting and pinching.</li> <li>Compare and recreate form and shape of natural and man-made sculptures.</li> </ul>
LKS2	<ul> <li>Create simple printing blocks (adding string shapes or pieces of wood to corrugated cardboard).</li> <li>Create a simple polystyrene printing tile.</li> <li>Combine prints taken from different objects to produce an end piece.</li> <li>Print with 2 colour overlays.</li> <li>Replicates patterns observed in natural or built environments.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop a running stitch and cross stitch.</li> <li>Add shapes to fabrics by stitching.</li> <li>Investigate using resist tape and dying fabric.</li> <li>Change and modify threads by splitting, fraying, twisting, plaiting, fringing, knotting etc.</li> <li>Add texture to textiles by adding decoration (beads, buttons, sequin etc.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fold, crumple, tear and overlap a variety of papers to create texture and form.</li> <li>Use complimentary and contrasting colours for effect.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Show an awareness of texture, form and shape by recreating an image in 3D form.</li> <li>Join two pieces of clay together.</li> <li>Construct a simple clay base for extending and modelling other shapes.</li> <li>Create larger pottery by using slab, pinch or coil techniques.</li> <li>Add texture to sculptures by using tools.</li> </ul>

		· Produce patterns and shapes based			· Add materials to sculptures to
		on the study of cultural influences			create detail.
		using geometric shapes and lines			
UKS	<b>S2</b>	· Print with 2 colour overlays.	· Use a range of media to create	· Use a range of material to create	· Securely understand texture and
	_	Create a print by carving vinyl.	collage.	collage.	form and shape.
		· Understand the terms negative and	Extend their work within a specified	· Fold, crumple, tear and overlap a	· Describe the different qualities
		positive space in printing.	technique.	variety of papers to create texture and	involved in modelling, sculpture and
		· Produce patterns and shapes based	· Add texture to textiles by adding	form.	construction.
		on the study of cultural influences	decoration (beads, buttons, sequin	· Use complimentary and contrasting	· Use recycled, natural and man-
		using geometric shapes and lines. $\cdot$	etc.)	colours for effect.	made materials to create a
		Understanding the history and		· Extend their work within a specified	sculpture.
		cultural significance behind the		technique.	· Plan a sculpture through drawing
		design.		· Join fabrics in different ways,	and preparatory work.
				including stitching	
				· Use coiling, tessellation, mosaic and	
				montage.	

## What will Art look like in the classroom?

#### **Strategies for Art**

- 1. Teaching methods reflect a balance between individual, small group and whole class organisation.
- 2. There is a balance between teacher directed and child centred experiences.
- 3. Our approach is to combine the teaching of skills and themes and to draw links with other subjects wherever possible.
- 4. A wide variety of resources are available to all children to stimulate ideas for practical work.
- 5. Children must be responsible for their own careful clearing away at the end of a session

## **Assessment**

Assessment provides opportunities to give helpful and constructive comments with the aim of guiding children's development in Art and Design. Teacher assessment of children's attainment is a continuous process. Formative and summative assessments of the children's development can be based on teacher observations and monitoring of progress and should be linked to the framework of the Assessment, Marking and Record Keeping Policy. Pieces of work and photographic evidence are kept by the art co-ordinator and on the school ICT network.

		Autumn 1:				Spring 1:			Summer 1:						
	Ideas	Making	Evaluating	Knowledge	Summary	ldeas	Making	Evaluating	Knowledge	Summary	ldeas	Making	Evaluating	Knowledge	Summary
Names:															
		-													

Early Years and Key Stage 1			
	Early Years	Year 1	Year 2
Skills	By the end of EYFS pupils	By the end of Yr 1 pupils	By the end of Yr 2 pupils
	should be able to:	should be able to:	should be able to:
Generating Ideas	1. work purposefully	1. recognise that ideas can	1. try out different
Skills of Designing &	responding to colours,	be expressed in artwork	activities and make
Developing Ideas	shapes, materials etc.	2. experiment with an open	sensible choices about
	2. create simple	mind (for instance, they	what to do next
	representations of people	enthusiastically try out and	2. use drawing to record
	and other things	use all materials that are	ideas and experiences
		presented to them)	
Making Skills of	3. work spontaneously and	3. work spontaneously and	3. deliberately choose to
Making Art, Craft	enjoy the act of	enjoy the act of	use particular techniques
and Design	making/creating	making/creating	for a given purpose
	4. sustain concentration and	4. sustain concentration and	4. develop and exercise
	control when experimenting	control when experimenting	some care and control
	with tools and materials	with tools and materials	over the range of
			materials they use. (for
			instance, they do not
			accept the first mark but
			seek to refine and
			improve)

Evaluating Skills of Judgement and Evaluation	5. recognise and describe key features of their own and others' work	5. Show interest in and describe what they think about the work of others	5. When looking at creative work express clear preferences and give some reasons for these (for instance, be able to say "I like that because")
	By the end of EUFS pupils should show:	By the end of Yr 1 pupils should show:	By the end of Yr 2 pupils should show:
Knowledge and understanding Acquiring and applying knowledge to inform progress	6. that art, (design and craft) is made by artists exhibiting care and skill and is valued for its qualities. 7. how to explain what they are doing	6. how to recognise and describe some simple characteristics of different kinds of art, craft and design 7. the names of the tools, techniques and the formal elements (colours, shapes, tones etc.) that they use.	6. that different forms of creative works are made by artists, craftspeople and designers, from all cultures and times. 7. and be able to talk about the materials, techniques and processes they have used, using an appropriate vocabulary (for instance, they know the names of the tools and the colours they use)

Lower Key Stage 2, Year 3 and Year 4			
	Year 3	Year 4	
Skills	By the end of Yr 3 pupils should be able to:	By the end of Yr 4 pupils should be able to:	
Generating Ideas Skills of Designing & Developing Ideas	<ol> <li>gather and review information, references and resources related to their ideas and intentions.</li> <li>use a sketchbook for different purposes, including recording observations, planning and shaping ideas.</li> </ol>	1. select and use relevant resources and references to develop their ideas. 2. use sketchbooks, and drawing, purposefully to improve understanding, inform ideas and plan for an outcome. (for instance, sketchbooks will show several different versions of an idea and how research has led to improvements in their proposed outcome.)	
Making Skills of Making Art, Craft and Design	<ul> <li>3. develop practical skills by experimenting with, and testing the qualities of a range of different materials and techniques.</li> <li>4. select, and use appropriately, a variety of materials and techniques in order to create their own work.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3. investigate the nature and qualities of different materials and processes systematically.</li> <li>4. apply the technical skills they are learning to improve the quality of their work. (for instance, in painting they select and use different brushes for different purposes)</li> </ul>	
Evaluating Skills of Judgement and Evaluation	5. take the time to reflect upon what they like and dislike about their work in order to improve it (for instance they think carefully before explaining to	5. regularly reflect upon their own work, and use comparisons with the work of others (pupils and artists) to identify how to improve.	

	their teacher what they like and what they will do next)	
	By the end of Yr 3 pupils will know:	By the end of Yr 4 pupils will know:
Knowledge and	6. about and describe the work of some	6. about and describe some of the key ideas,
understanding	artists, craftspeople, architects and	techniques and working practices of a variety
Acquiring and	designers	of artists, craftspeople, architects and
applying knowledge	7. and be able to explain how to use	designers that they have studied.
to inform progress	some of the tools and techniques they	7. about, and be able to demonstrate, how
	have chosen to work with.	tools they have chosen to work with, should
		be used effectively and with safety.

Upper Key Stage 2, Year 5 and Year 6			
Year 5 Year 6			Year 6
Skills			By the end of Yr 6 pupils should be able to:
		to:	

Generating Ideas Skills of Designing & Developing Ideas	<ol> <li>engage in open ended research and exploration in the process of initiating and developing their own personal ideas</li> <li>confidently use sketchbooks for a variety of purposes including: recording observations; developing ideas; testing materials; planning and recording information.</li> </ol>	1. independently develop a range of ideas which show curiosity, imagination and originality 2. systematically investigate, research and test ideas and plans using sketchbooks and other appropriate approaches. (for instance. Sketchbooks will show in advance how work will be produced and how the qualities of materials will be used)
Making Skills of Making Art, Craft and Design	3. confidently investigate and exploit the potential of new and unfamiliar materials (for instance, try out several different ways of using tools and materials that are new to them) 4. use their acquired technical expertise to make work which effectively reflects their ideas and intentions.	3. Independently take action to refine their technical and craft skills in order to improve their mastery of materials and techniques 4. Independently select and effectively use relevant processes in order to create successful and finished work
Evaluating Skills of	5. regularly analyse and reflect on their	5. provide a reasoned evaluation of both their
Judgement and	progress taking account of what they	own and professionals' work which takes
Evaluation	hoped to achieve.	account of the starting points, intentions and context behind the work
	By the end of Yr 5 pupils will know:	By the end of Yr 6 pupils will know:

different materials and processes.

Knowledge and	6. research and discuss the ideas and	6. how to describe, interpret and explain the
understanding	approaches of a various artists,	work, ideas and working practices of some
Acquiring and	craftspeople, designers and architects,	significant artists, craftspeople, designers and
applying knowledge	taking account of their particular	architects taking account of the influence of
to inform progress	cultural context and intentions.	the different historical, cultural and social
	7. how to describe the processes they	contexts in which they worked.
	are using and how they hope to	7. about the technical vocabulary and
	achieve high quality outcomes	techniques for modifying the qualities of



Children of all ages and abilities are catered for within the framework of the QCA scheme. Those with special needs are provided with a programme of study related to their own needs wherever possible. Work is differentiated or children grouped in such a way as to allow each child to progress at their own rate or level.